Burlington High School Activities Department Emergency/Concussion Information and Consent Form

(This form needs to be completed, signed and returned to the BHS Activities Office **BEFORE** starting practice.)

Name	Birthdate Grade	
Address	Home Phone	
Parent/Guardian	Home Phone	
Address	Work Phone	
Parent/Guardian	Home Phone	
Address	Work Phone	
EMERGENCY CONTACT IF PARENT/GUAF	RDIAN CANNOT BE REACHED:	
Name	Home Phone	
Address	Work Phone	
Preferred Hospital		
Special Medical Problems/Medications to make he	ealth care provider aware of:	
Student's Doctor		
Student's Dentist	Phone	
Contact Lenses YES NO HARD SOFT		
Insurance Company:	Policy Number:	
PARENT/GUARDIAN CONSENT FOR ACTIVITY PARTIC TREATMENT:	CIPATION AT BURLINGTON HIGH SCHOOL A	AND CONSENT FOR
I realize that participation in activities can be dangerous and result it is against the rules to use the head for spearing, illegal blocking a The Iowa Legislature passed a new law, effective July 1, 2011, re regarding concussions. Students participating in interscholastic	and tackling. egarding students who participate in extracurricular c athletics, cheerleading and dance and their parer	interscholastic activities nts/guardians; must sign the
acknowledgement below and return it to their school before the I give permission for my child to participate in activities for Burlin		ead and keep the attached.
In case of emergency, school authorities (Activities Director, Spor		ment for our child.
I understand that I am responsible to make payment for all medical	•	
ACK	KNOWLEDGMENT	
WE HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE THAT WE HAVE REAL CODE AND UNDERSTAND THE RULES AND REGULAT HAVE PICKED UP A COPY FROM THE ACTIVITIES OF CONCUSSION FACT SHEET TITLED "HEAD UP: CONCU	IONS THAT ARE LOCATED ON THE BCSD VIFICE. WE HAVE RECEIVED THE INFORMAT	WEBSITE BCSDS.ORG OR
Date STUDENT SIGNATURI	E	
Date PARENT/GUARDIAN S	SIGNATURE	
NAME OF ACTIVITY		

If you have any questions, please contact the BHS Activities Director. H:\FORMS\Emergency.Concussion.Insurance student activity form Revised 7.1312.doc

PLEASE KEEP THIS PORTION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

A FACT SHEET FOR PARENTS AND STUDENTS HEADS UP: Concussion in High School Sports

The lowa Legislature passed a new law, effective July 1, 2011, regarding students in grades 7 – 12 who participate in extracurricular interscholastic activities. Please note this important information from Iowa Code Section 280.13C,

Brain Injury Policies:

- (1) A child must be immediately removed from participation (practice or competition) if his/her coach or a contest official observes signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion or brain injury in an extracurricular interscholastic activity.
- (2) A child may not participate again until a licensed health care provider trained in the evaluation and management of concussions and other brain injuries has evaluated him/her and the student has received written clearance from that person to return to participation.
- (3) Key definitions:
 - "Licensed health care provider" means a physician, physician assistant, chiropractor, advanced registered nurse practitioner, nurse, physical therapist, or athletic trainer licensed by a board.
 - "Extracurricular interscholastic activity" means any extracurricular interscholastic activity, contest, or practice, including sports, dance, or cheerleading.

What is a concussion?

A concussion is a brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body. Even a "ding," "getting your bell rung," or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious.

What parents/guardians should do if they think their child has a concussion?

- 1. OBEY THE NEW LAW.
 - Keep your child out of participation until s/he is cleared to return by a licensed healthcare provider.
 - b. Seek medical attention right away.
- Teach your child that it's not smart to play with a concussion.
- Tell all of your child's coaches and the student's school nurse about ANY concussion.

What are the signs and symptoms of a concussion?

You cannot see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days after the injury. If your teen reports one or more symptoms of concussion listed below, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, keep your teen out of play and seek medical attention right away.

STUDENTS:

If you think you have a concussion:

- Tell your coaches & parents Never ignore a bump or blow to the head, even if you feel fine. Also, tell your coach if you think one of your teammates might have a concussion.
- Get a medical check-up A physician or other licensed health care provider can tell you if you have a concussion, and when it is OK to return to play.
- Give yourself time to heal If you have a concussion, your brain needs time to heal. While your brain is healing, you are much more likely to have another concussion. It is important to rest and not return to play until you get the OK from your health care professional.

IT'S BETTER TO MISS ONE CONTEST THAN THE WHOLE SEASON.

Signs Reported by Students:

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- •Balance problems or dizziness
- •Double or blurry vision
- •Sensitivity to light or noise
- •Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems
- Confusion
- •Just not "feeling right" or is "feeling down"

PARENTS:

How can you help your child prevent a concussion?

Every sport is different, but there are steps your children can take to protect themselves from concussion and other injuries.

- Make sure they wear the right protective equipment for Their activity. It should fit properly, be well maintained, and be worn consistently and correctly.
- Ensure that they follow their coaches' rules for safety and The rules of the sport.
- Encourage them to practice good sportsmanship at all times.

Signs Observed by Parents or Guardians:

- · Appears dazed or stunned
- •Is confused about assignment or position
- •Forgets an instruction
- •Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily
- •Answers questions slowly
- •Loses consciousness (even briefl y)
- •Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes
- •Can't recall events prior to hit or fall
- •Can't recall events after hit or fall

Information on concussions provided by the Centers for DiseaseControl and Prevention.

For more information visit: www.cdc.gov/Concussion